The webinar will begin shortly, while you wait...

Register for MHPN's Special Professional Development Event: Hypothetical Case Scenario Tuesday 21 November 7.00pm - 8.30pm AEDT No cost to attend this special MHPN event

Broadcast live, this activity is unscripted and unrehearsed. The panel have had no forewarning as to how the scenario will unfold.

The session host, Professor Mark Creamer will guide the panel of five professionals, all experts in their field, through a scenario that escalates quickly and unexpectedly.





MHPN WEBINAR

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Thursday 19th October 2023

Trauma-informed care: The impacts of trauma on the physical body



Tonight's panel



Andy Moloney Accredited Exercise Physiologist



Lou Kerley Occupational Therapist



Felicity de Blic Pelvic Physiotherapist

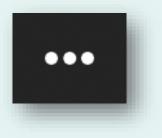


Facilitator: Steve Trumble General Practitioner



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Learning outcomes

This webinar will:

- outline how trauma can have short and/or long-term impacts on the physical body.
- outline examples of the different types of impact on the physical body that trauma can cause, and how practitioners can respond by applying trauma-informed care.
- discuss how to communicate effectively with other mental health practitioners to better support people who are experiencing physical symptoms resulting from trauma.



Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs) and Physical Health

Sarah's ACEs

- Alcoholism
- Divorce
- Sexual abuse
- Bullying

What risk is associated with >4 ACEs?

Physical and mental health

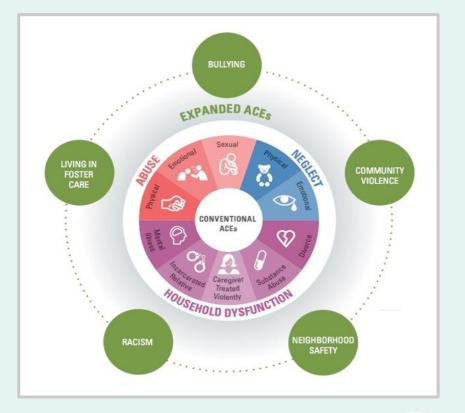
- COPD / Metabolic Syndrome
- Depression and suicidality
- Cardiovascular disease
- Persistent pain / Fibromyalgia

Safety Behaviours

• Sedentary / smoking



Andy Moloney





The Allostatic Model – Physiological Adaptation





Andy Moloney

Allostasis

"Stability through change"

Moving from the classical homeostatic theory

Allostatic State

Dysregulation of threat and safety emotion systems

Allostatic Load

Cardiovascular pathology

Metabolic deterioration

Neural degeneration

Immune dysfunction

+ Behavioural adaptations



How is the Allostatic Model Trauma-informed?

Sense of safety within the therapeutic relationship

Narrative influences physiological adaptation

Adaptation vs Protective Factors

How should we interpret Sarah's Story?









Inner Resilience





Andy Moloney

Why collaborate with an Accredited Exercise Physiologist?

- 4-5 year University educated exercise specialists
- Individualised assessment and programming
- Passionate about meaningful movement

What you should ask?

- What do you understand about trauma-informed care?
- Who do you like to work with?







Sensory modulation

- ability to get the 'just right sensory input'
 - to feel **calm and regulated** throughout the day
 - to respond adaptively to environments that are 'too much' or 'not enough'
- shapes, and shaped by, **relationships and experiences**





we can help Sarah untangle her relationship to her body over time



we can talk about sensory modulation in terms of **windows** that narrow and widen







General and trauma-specific changes

- sexual abuse
- verbal abuse
- adverse childhood environment altered sensory reactivity

localised hypersensitivity and pain

- altered auditory detection

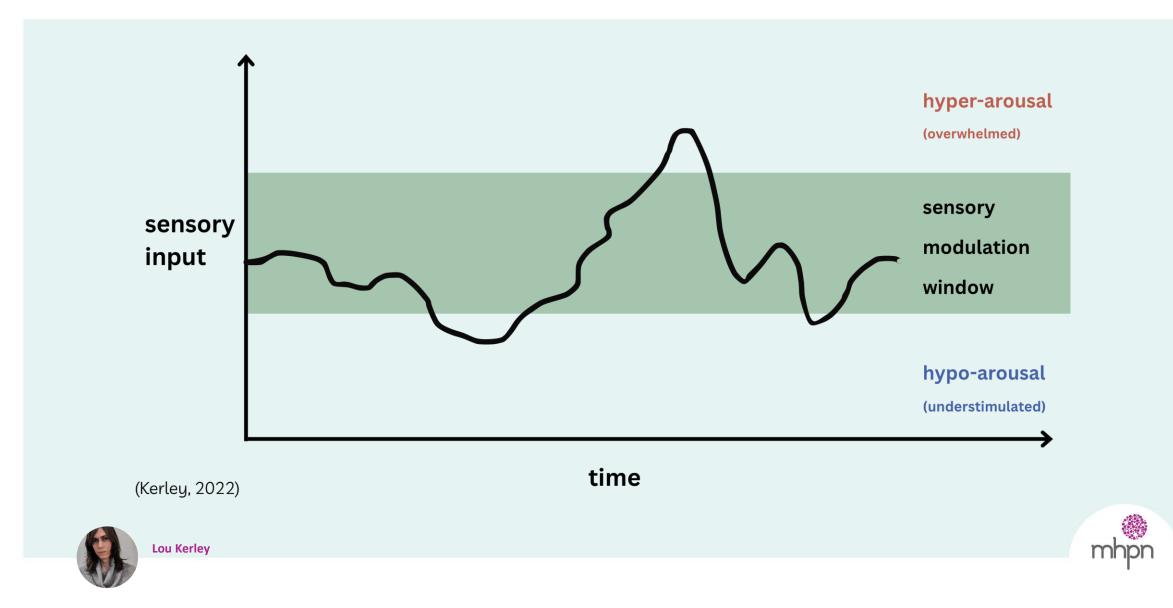
"just ignore them"

Interoception: making sense of body signals Sarah was taught to:

- disconnect from her senses
- not trust her body's signals



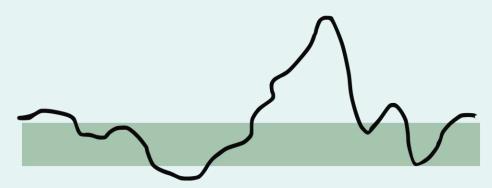




How has Sarah's sensory modulation changed over time?

narrowing window

tolerating a smaller **range** of stimuli, while **less aware** of her signals



more time **outside** her window

- allostatic load
- dysregulation
- relationships
- identity



Lou Kerley

Strength-based supports

helping Sarah make sense of her story

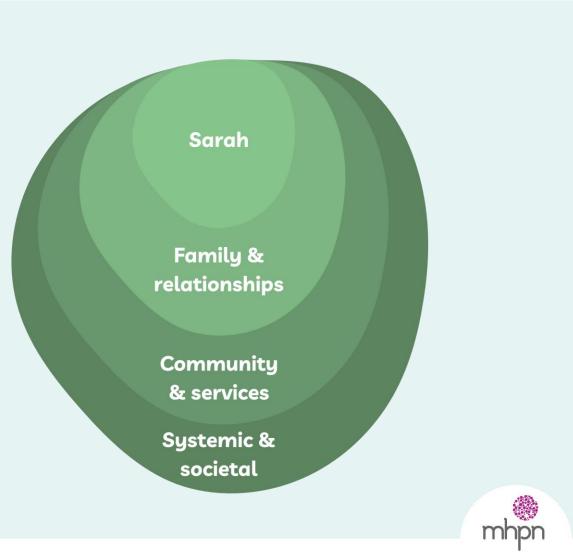
untangling chronology:

- **reclaim** childhood sensory patterns and neurodivergence
- recontextualise that her body kept her safe
- an integrated understanding of her **current** sensory patterns

safely reconnecting with her body:

- explore interoception
 - noticing body signals
 - linking to feelings and experiences
- explore her and others' **sensory windows** over time
- transdisciplinary support (running, sex)





"The single most important issue for traumatized people is to find a sense of safety in their own bodies."

-Bessel van der Kolk

T R A U M A & T H E B O D Y











Safety VS Threat

- Responding to real / perceived threat and seeking safety is a profoundly physical task
- Trauma sets the stage for an overactive threat detection system and a variety of outputs designed to promote safety
- Fight / flight / freeze / collapse
- HPA axis dysregulation and chronic cortisol production have significant impacts on body processes, notably physical tension, inflammation and immune dysfunction







Safety VS Threat

What are the safety 'outputs' from a brain constantly perceiving threat? Unique to the individual & context dependent . . .

- hypervigilence to external stimuli (light, sound etc) or internal stimuli (eg sensations)
- chronic tension & protective bracing in the 'closing down' muscle groups (eg jaw, neck, chest, hips and PF)
- feeling on edge and 'revved' constantly
- pain
- fatigue
- numbness / checked out









Felicity de Blic

The work of Dr Steven Porges, Deb Dana

Polyvagal 'Ladder' Of Activation States

SAFE:

- Parasympathetic ventral vagal system
- Feeling safe, centred, calm but alert. Open to connection and play
- Feels like "I've got this"

MOBILISED:

- Sympathetic Nervous System
- Feeling of threat, action state, irritable, panicky, tense
- Feels like "I need to act / change this right now"

IMMOBILISED:

- Parasympathetic dorsal vagal system
- Feeling of threat but resources to cope overwhelmed
- Shut down, numbing out, disconnected, low energy
- Feels like "I'm trapped. I give up"





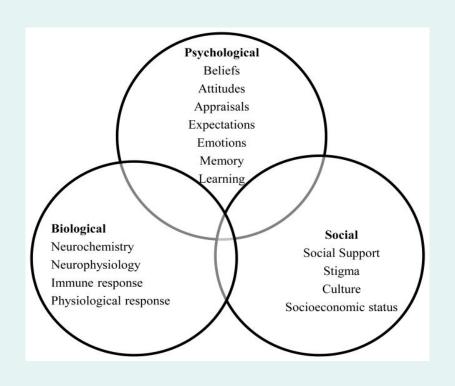
Physiotherapists Commonly Work With People Experiencing Tension & Pain . . .

Which populations are considered the 'most treatment resistant' or tricky to treat???

What if we looked at these populations through a traumainformed lens?







Adams et al. (2015)



Felicity de Blic

'Central Sensitivity Syndromes'

'also termed 'chronic overlapping pain conditions'

- Chronic Fatigue Syndrome
- Irritable Bowel Syndrome
- Vulvodynia
- Bladder pain syndrome / interstitial cystitis
- Endometriosis associated pelvic pain
- Fibromyalgia
- Temporomandibular joint dysfunction
- chronic migraine
- chronic tension type headache
- chronic low back pain.





What Is The Common Denominator? NOCIPLASTIC PAIN

- Increased sensitivity through altered functioning of ascending and descending 'pain' pathways
- maladaptive neuroplasticity
- interpretation of normal sensations as painful (allodynia)
- nociplastic pain patients have higher rates of <u>emotional</u> <u>trauma</u> and <u>mental health</u> diagnoses such as posttraumatic stress disorder (Yarns, et al. 2022).





Sarah . . . Sexual Abuse As A Risk Factor For Pelvic Pain

 A history of sexual abuse is significantly associated with overall gynaecological morbidity, pelvic pain, dyspareunia & vaginismus (Hassam et al. 2020; Tetik et al. 2021)







Trauma-Sensitive Pelvic Physiotherapy

- Sarah is in control and sets the pace of therapy
- 'creating somatic safety within therapeutic relationship; within her own body
- understanding symptoms of dysregulation and strategies to move back to feeling settled and safe
- broadening the window of tolerance for sensations previously perceived as threatening
- functional anatomy education empowering
- hands on and hands off approaches
- mindful movement, exercise.







How Can We Help Sarah Achieve Her Goal?

- Systematic desensitisation of the goal task pleasurable sex
- Aware of inner resources to connect to safety / put on the breaks during treatment
- Safe connection and awareness to pelvis, pelvic floor, vulva, vagina
- Building control of PF contraction and relaxation
- Thinking looking self touch / therapist touch
- Use of dilators / therawands / vibrators on own
- Integrating partner clear boundaries and a 'ladder' approach so Sarah feels in control of the process and partner knows role
- Treatment Timeline unique to the patient







Including Body-Orientated Therapies In A Collaborative Multidisciplinary Team

- Physical symptoms are common in those with a trauma background
- 'Zooming out' and taking a nervous system regulation approach instead of collecting isolated diagnoses can be helpful
- 'The Body Keeps the Score' so integrate somatic therapies
- Pelvic pain & dyspareunia early referral helpful to start educating and creating experiences of safety... "relax and have some wine" is not a helpful piece of advice!
- Make friends with your local physios, OTs and EPs to faciliate cross referral and collaborative care.









Andy Moloney Accredited Exercise Physiologist



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Ask a Question Question' in t

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MHPN Presents A Conversation About . . . Climate Change & Mental Health 3-part series. Episode one out now.

Three webinars before the end of the year:

- Identifying and Treating Panic Disorder, Wednesday 15 Nov
- MHPN Special Event: Hypothetical Case Scenario, Tuesday 21 Nov
- Primary health strategies for working with children who present with ADHD concerns (Emerging Minds), Monday 11 Dec

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